

# Nitish Industrial Machinery Diagnostics Centre Private Limited

Deals in: (A HOUSE OF CONDITION MONITORING & RENEWABLES ENERGY, TURBINE TROUBLESHOOTING & BALANCING)

(ENGINEERING SERVICES, CONSULTANCY & CONTRACTS)



CIN: U93090DL2017PTC315656

PAN: AAFCN5783R | TAN: DELN16573E

GST : 07AAFNC5783R1ZJ

Ref: NIMDC/2018/51/2

DATE 12.04.2018

TO.

→ SHRI. M. IQBAL  
SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER O&M-I,  
RAJIV GANDHI THERMAL POWER PLANT ( RGTPP),  
HARYANA POWER GENERATION CORPORATION LIMITED  
HPGCL, KHEDAR  
VILLAGE KHEDAR, HISAR  
HARYANA, PIN - 125121

**Subject :-High Vibration Spikes Problem of TG#1 ( BRG #9) OF RGTPP**

Dear Sir,

Thanking you for giving an opportunity to NIMDC Pvt Ltd to carryout study on High Vibration spikes problem of TG#1 (BRG#9) which was initially observed on 4<sup>th</sup> Jan 2018 and reoccurred on 7<sup>th</sup> April 2018. The steady state and transient vibration data recorded during the events by the on-line system alongwith operation parameters were analyzed in detail and our recommendations are enclosed in the report for your kind information and necessary action please.

With kind Regards,

Yours Sincerely

(C.G.Porwal)

Chairman & Managing Director  
NIMDC PVT. LTD.

**Copy for kind information pl**

SHRI. V. K. SETHI  
CHIEF ENGINEER,  
RAJIV GANDHI THERMAL POWER PLANT ( RGTPP),  
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VILLAGE KHEDAR, HISAR  
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for kind reference P).  
Shri V. K. Sethi:  
Chief Engineer,  
Hisar.  
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**STUDY REPORT**

**ON**

**UNIT TG#1 HIGH VIBRATION SPIKE AT BEARING NO #9**

Prepared By

**“Nitish Industrial Machinery Diagnostics Centre Private Limited”**

9<sup>th</sup> April to 10<sup>th</sup> April 2018

**Rajiv Gandhi Thermal Power Project (RGTPP)**  
**Khedar, Hisar**

## REPORT ON TG#1

### Subject:-VIBRATION SPIKES AT RGTPP TG #1 AT BRG NO#9

**1.0 INTRODUCTION:-**Rajiv Gandhi Thermal Power Station is located at Khedar in Hisar district of Haryana. The installed capacity of RGTPP is 2 X 600 MW (1200 MW). The Unit#1 and Unit#2 have been commissioned on 24<sup>th</sup> August 2010 and 1<sup>st</sup> March 2011 respectively. TG #1 comprises of several turbine casings and rotors (HP/IP, 2LPs, Generator and Exciter) which are supported by seven journal bearings along with an additional journal bearing provided for the main exciter as shown in Figure no 1.

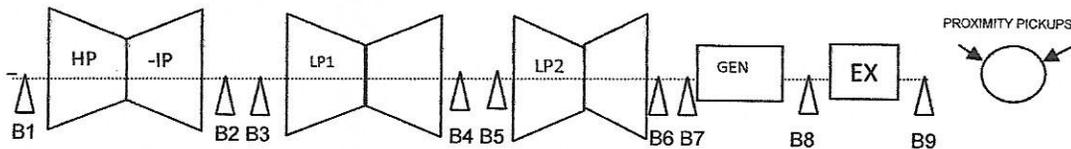


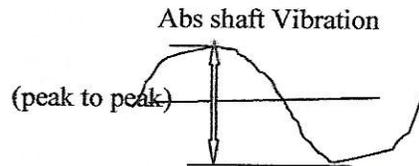
Figure No 1

Turbine generator (600 MW) comprises of nine pressure-lubricated bearings and is having on-line absolute shaft vibration pickups (installed at 90 degree apart) on each bearing for monitoring of steady state and transient vibration data.

#### Vibration Limits for Operations

The vibration limits for “turbine control settings” for vibration limits, as stipulated by OEM, are as follows:-

- Vibration Limits (Pk-Pk) ↓
- ✓ 0.07mm for satisfactory operation
  - ✓ 0.127mm-for alarm
  - ✓ 0.254mm-for trip



## **2.0 CHRONOLOGICALINCIDENTS**

### **i) On 4th Jan 2018:**

The Unit experienced high vibration spikes at BRG No #9 in the X and Y directions. The vibration data recorded at 596 MW at 3004 rpm at 10.00 hrs which are as follows.

	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8	B9
Shaft vibration X/Y	NA/69	104/105	44/35	42/39	82/53	55/53	25/26	19/18	>250*/250*
Babbitt Metal Temp (L/R)	76/83	87/85	76/72	74/78	56/33	74/85	60/62	61/63	76/72

The unit did not trip in spite of high vibration spike at BRG No #9, because of the time delay provided for 3 seconds in the tripping circuits.

#### Corrective Action

*As a corrective action, connectors of extension cables of vibration probes installed at BRG# 9X / 9Y checked for connection healthiness.*

**ii) On 7<sup>th</sup> April 2018**

At 10.28 hrs high vibration spike was observed at BRG No #9 again in both the directions and persisted less than (3) seconds and the unit did not trip. But at 13.03 hrs, the high vibration spikes at BRG #9 reoccurred and persisted for the longer periods and caused tripping. The vibration readings recorded, prior to the tripping, at 415 MW at 2997 rpm, are as follows –

Bearings	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8	B9
Shaft vibration X/Y	NA/NA	95/94	44/29	46/38	90/62	63/50	34/48	24/15	37/49
Babbitt Metal Temp (L/R)	71/79	86/84	72/68	72/75	53/33	69/82	58/60	59/60	74/69

\*All bearings absolute shaft vibrations were within the limits and loaded adequately.

**Corrective Action**

*Since high vibration spike beyond tripping limits at BRG #9 in the both (X/Y) directions was persisted more than three seconds, the unit tripped on high vibration protection.*

**Again, as a corrective measures –**

- i) Connectors of extension cables of vibration probes installed at BRG#9 (X/Y) were checked for healthiness & found ok.
- ii) Earthing of field cables at panel side also checked and found ok.
- iii) The Machinery protection card (MPC 4) and input/output card (IOC-4T) of BRG #9 sensor signal were replaced.

*The machine was rolled again and re-synchronized.*

**iii) On 7<sup>th</sup> April 2018**

The vibration readings recorded, after the replacement of BRG No #9 (MPC4 /IOC-4T) card, at 325MW at 2990 rpm at 22.20 hrs are as follows –

Bearings	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8	B9
Shaft vibration X/Y	13/11	84/87	45/38	40/40	88/38	58/38	35/28	32/36	37/40
Babbitt Metal Temp (L/R)	73/79	88/86	72/68	74/77	56/33	70/84	59/62	61/61	76/72

**iv) On 9<sup>th</sup> April 2018**

The final vibration readings recorded at 380 MW / 2991 rpm at 13.45 PM (**Annex-I**) are as follows –

Bearings	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8	B9
Shaft vibration X/Y	X/Y	91/93	44/33	45/38	89/61	63/53	40/23	30/19	36/48
Babbitt Metal Temp (L/R)	71/78	88/84	70/63	72/73	55/-	63/81	58/60	59/59	73/69
Return oil temperature deg C	60	63	58	59	60	58	56	57	63

Seal oil temperature 53 deg C ; Generator Hot /Cold gas temperature 39.3/38.1 deg C

**3. OBSERVATIONS AND ANALYSIS**

**NIMDC expert's team have observed the following points**

- ✓ At any occasion, when high vibration spikes at bearing# 9, high vibration or spike was not observed in any other bearings. The shaft & pedestal vibration data taken at all bearings were found normal.

- ✓ No changes in load/frequency and turbine parameters were noticed during the incidents.
- ✓ The bearing babbitt metal and drain oil temperatures were found normal at all occasions.
- ✓ No variations in excitation voltage and current were noticed during the high spikes periods **(Annex-II)**.
- ✓ The steady data & transient data format (Orbit/Bode /Spectrum) were studied & analyzed and found to be normal. The bode plot/coast down taken by on line system revealed no abnormality in the machine. The bode plot and orbit plot are enclosed at **(Annex-III & Annex-IV)** respectively.
- ✓ The dip in gap voltages of shaft vibration sensors were experienced on 4<sup>th</sup> Jan 2018 as well as on 7<sup>th</sup> April 2018, prior to the high vibration spikes observed. Interestingly, dips in gap voltage were not observed at the instant of high vibration spikes. **(Annex-V)**

#### 4. CONCLUSION:

The based on the above observations following points were concluded

- i) The observation in BRG#9 is standalone having no consequential change in any other bearings.
- ii) No relationship could be established with any operational parameters with BRG#9 high vibration spikes .
- iii) There is no relationship between dip in gap voltages and vibration spikes. Refer **(Annex-V)**
- iv) No electrical parameters are causing the subject abnormality (high vibration spikes) .Refer **(Annex-II)**.
- v) It is obvious from the data that there is no mechanical side abnormality and the repeated incidents of high vibration spikes could be spurious. This may be due to malfunctioning and erratic behavior of cards. Stray current due to transient earthing of control cables cannot be ruled out.

Stray current refers to the electricity flow via buildings, ground or equipment due to electrical supply system imbalances or wiring flaws. It refers to an existence of electrical potential that can be found between objects that should not be subjected to voltage.

Often, small voltages are gauged between grounded materials that exist in distant places because of ordinary current flow within the power system. On the other hand, large voltages can be a sign of a faulty electrical system. Due to this stray voltage there is a flow of definite current between two objects that ideally should not have any voltage difference between them. This current is known as stray current. Stray current may become a dangerous for personnel and equipments.

**5. Probable causes of the incidents are;**

- i) The malfunction of the Machinery protection card.
- ii) Transient earthing of control cable of vibration pickup of bearing #9

**6. Recommendations.**

- i) The MPC card has to be changed. Incidentally, these two cards have already been changed on 7<sup>th</sup> April 2018 before rerolling of the turbines.
- iii) Gap voltage should be monitored weekly and should be corroborated with card malfunctioning.
- iv) The vibration proximity probe control cable & conduit to be changed at the earliest opportunity.
- v) Separate conduit should be used for BRG # 9 X and 9Y extension cables.
- vi) Detachable connectors should be used to ensure the healthiness of the connection between the two control cables (integral and extension cables).

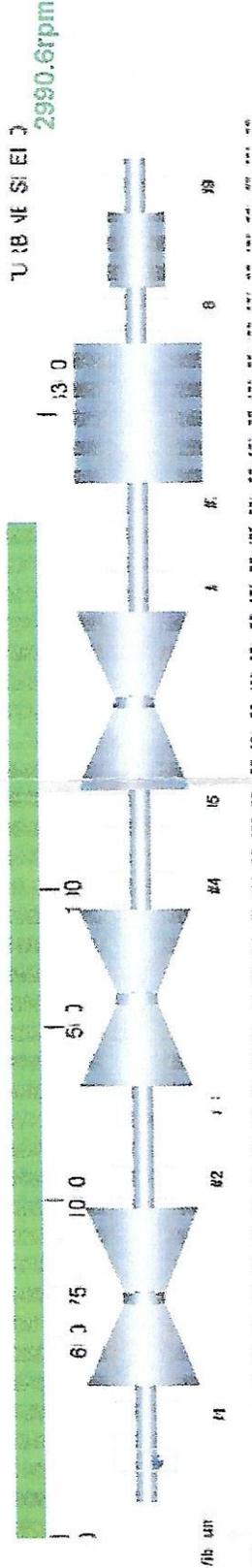
  
12/4/2018  
(CHANDRA GUPT PORWAL)  
NIMDC PVT LTD

# ANNEX - I

9/4/2018-1245 PM

## OVERVIEW

LOAD 350.3 MW M STIM P 451.28 Kg/cm2 R8 STIM P 24.04 Kg/cm2 TOTAL COAL 266.0 TH BEALVL -317 mm FURNACE 7.7 mmWC  
 FREQ 45.2 Hz M STIM T 531.8 DEG RH STIM T 530.4 DEG TOTAL AIR 1545.9 TH COND LVL 602.9 mm DUMM PHS 458.89 Kg/cm2 VACM -0.897 Kg/cm2



Unit	#1	#2	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8
25							
12							

UNIT	#1	#2	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8
ABS VIB	12.3UM	94.3UM	47.5UM	80.9UM	63.0UM	40.0UM	35.5UM
Y VIB	10.7UM	60.9UM	33.2UM	65.2UM	56.8UM	24.0UM	19.4UM
Z VIB	14.3UM	124.0UM	63.7UM	72.4UM	68.9UM	59.4UM	50.2UM
Phase	71.5DEGC	68.7DEGC	70.7DEGC	63.7DEGC	63.5DEGC	60.4DEGC	60.1DEGC
Phase	70.2DEGC	64.4DEGC	63.7DEGC	71.4DEGC	61.8DEGC	60.4DEGC	60.3DEGC
Phase	59.9Deg C	63.0Deg C	67.8Deg C	69.3Deg C	68.1Deg C	56.5Deg C	63.7Deg C

TURBINE SPEED 2850.6rpm

LOAD(MW) 380.2MW

#1B Shaft Pos -0.112MM

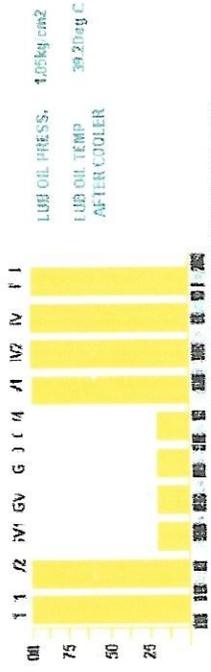
#2A Shaft Pos -0.053MM

#2B Shaft Pos -0.025MM

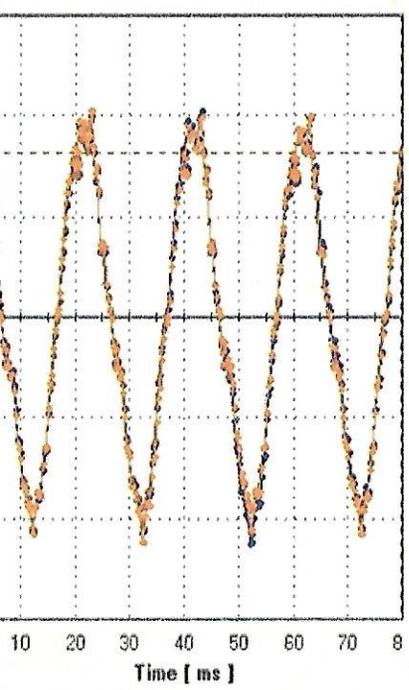
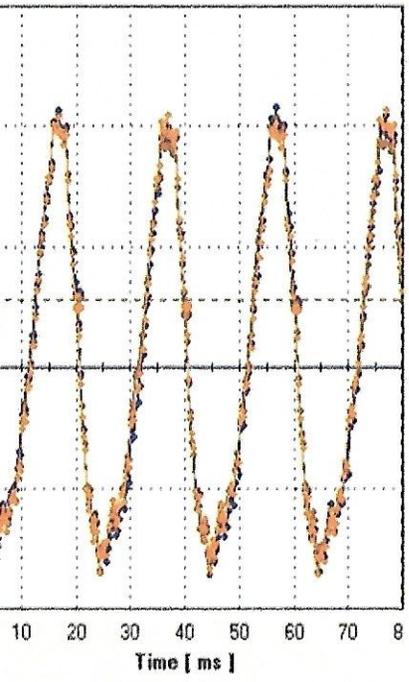
BF 3V 12 54

TURBINE 10 13

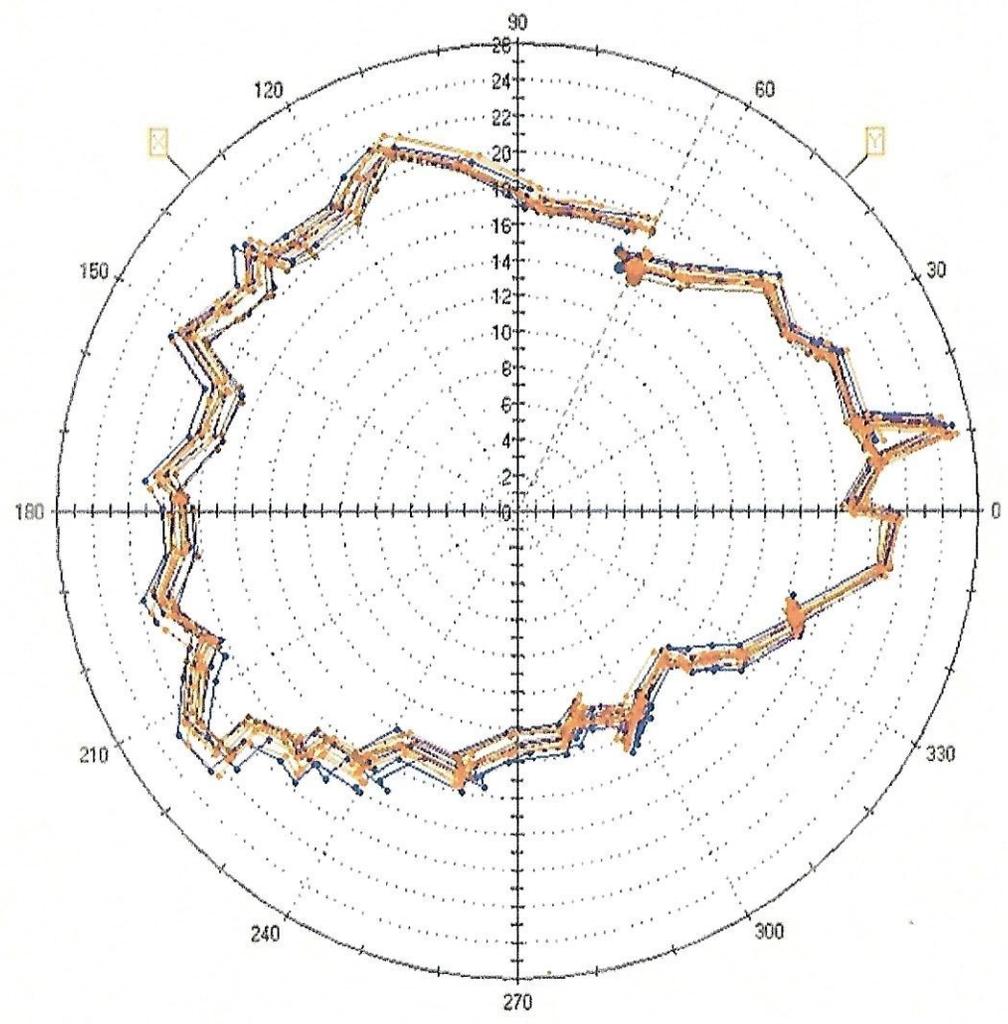
GR 12 9







### TDC



### Orbit

Legend	Point	Time
	9-Orbit	2018-04-07 10:25:00
	9-Orbit	2018-04-07 10:35:00
	9-Orbit	2018-04-07 10:40:00

Name	Value
Station	MAIN
Machine	STG
Rotation	Clockwise

X - probe	
Point :	#9 SV-X
Time :	79.69 ms
Amplitude (X) :	5.62 $\mu$ m

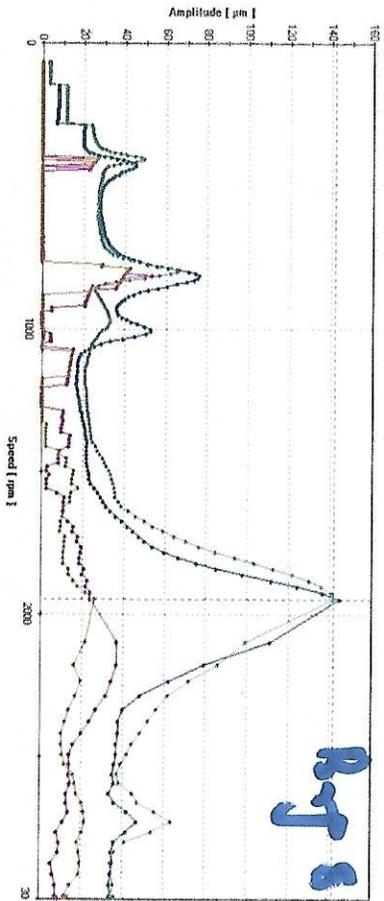
Y - probe	
Point :	#9 SV-Y
Time :	79.69 ms
Amplitude (Y) :	16.35 $\mu$ m

Orbit	
Point :	#9-Orbit
Phase :	63.98 °
Amplitude :	17.29 $\mu$ m

Arem - III



# Runden - Anna - IV



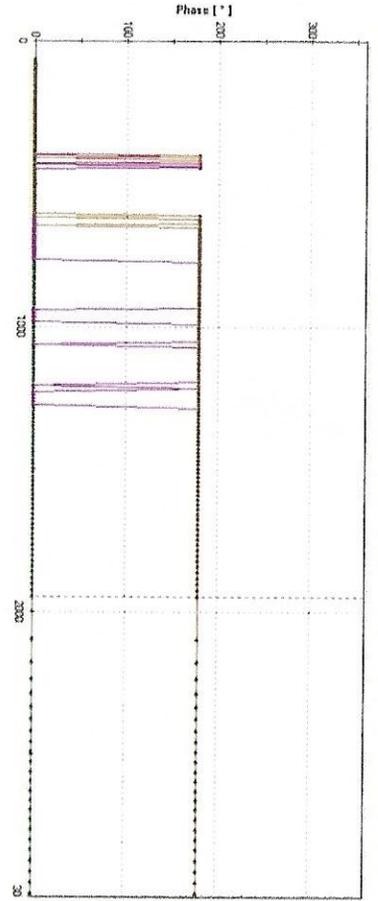
Rpf 8

Legend

Line	Feed	SI
1	88 SVX OVR bedstun	
2	88 SVX OVR bedstun	
3	88 SVX OVR bedstun	
4	88 CVX OVR bedstun	

Measurement Data

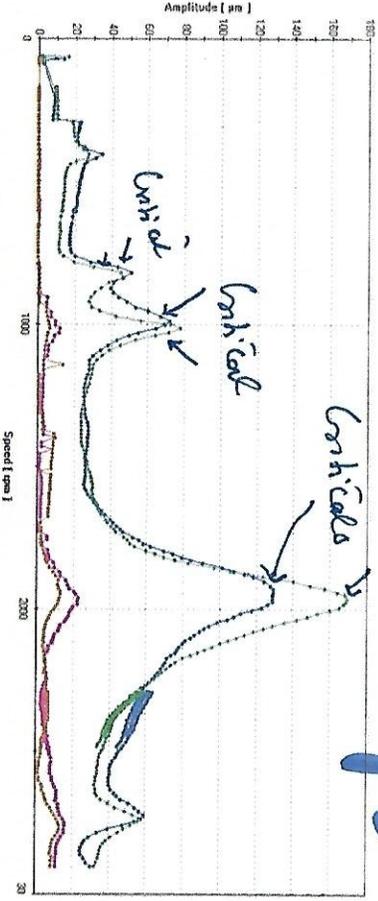
Name	Value
Station	MANU
Machine	51G
Feed	88 SVX OVR bedstun
Time	2018-04-09 22:19:52
Status	RUNDGANG
bedstunde	1944 rpm
Amplitude	1417 µm bedstun
Fluss	1944 tpm
Speed	0
Phase	0



Rpf 9

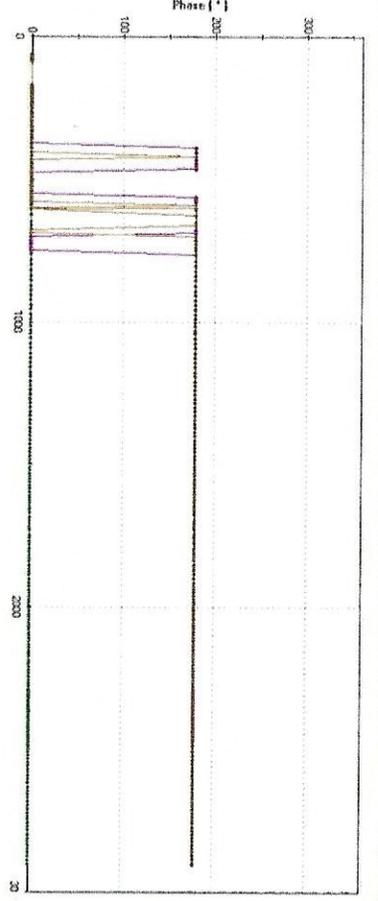
Legend

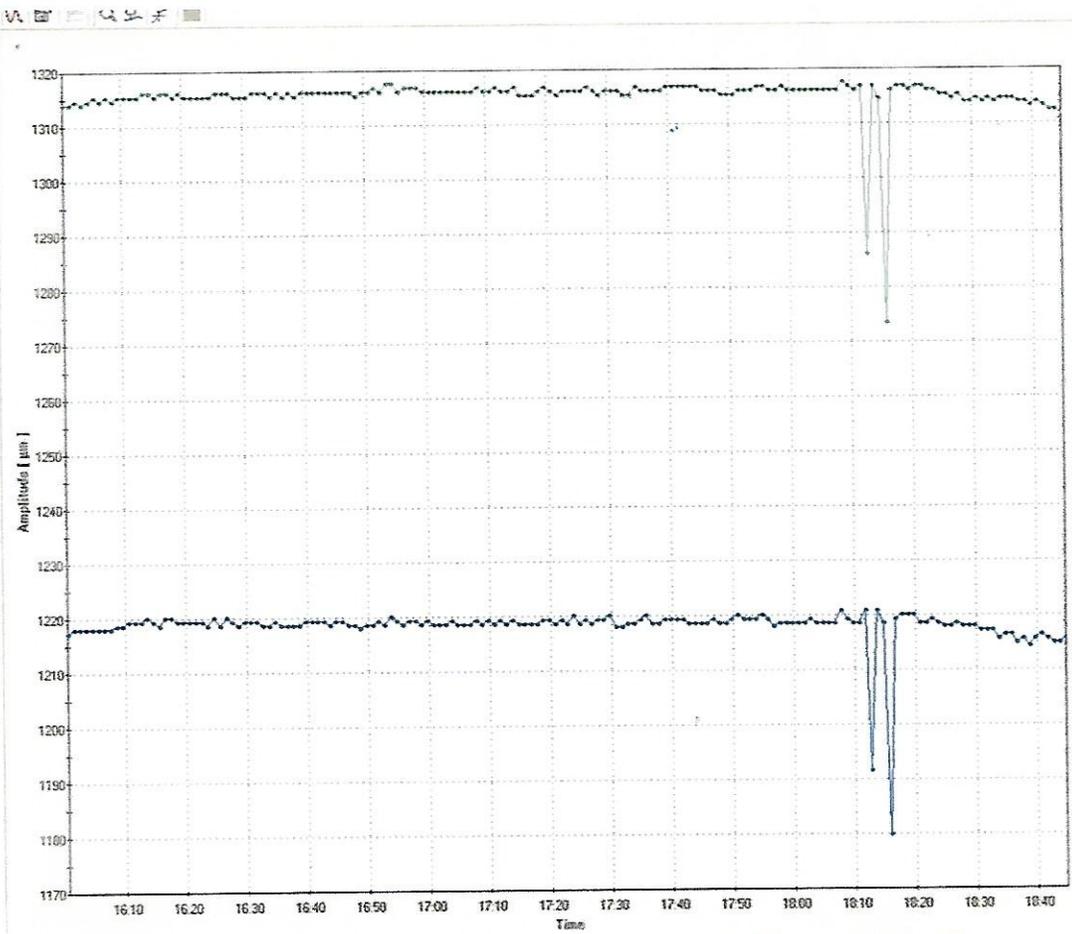
Line	Feed	SI
1	88 SVX OVR bedstun	
2	88 SVX OVR bedstun	
3	88 SVX OVR bedstun	
4	88 CVX OVR bedstun	



Measurement Data

Name	Value
Time	2018-04-07 20:35:35
State	PAUSE
Amplitude	
Speed	
Phase	
Speed	
Phase	





Trend

Legend

Line	Point	St
		#3 SVX GAP (DC MAIN)
		#3 SVY GAP (DC MAIN)

Name: Value

From: 2018-01-04 16:00:00

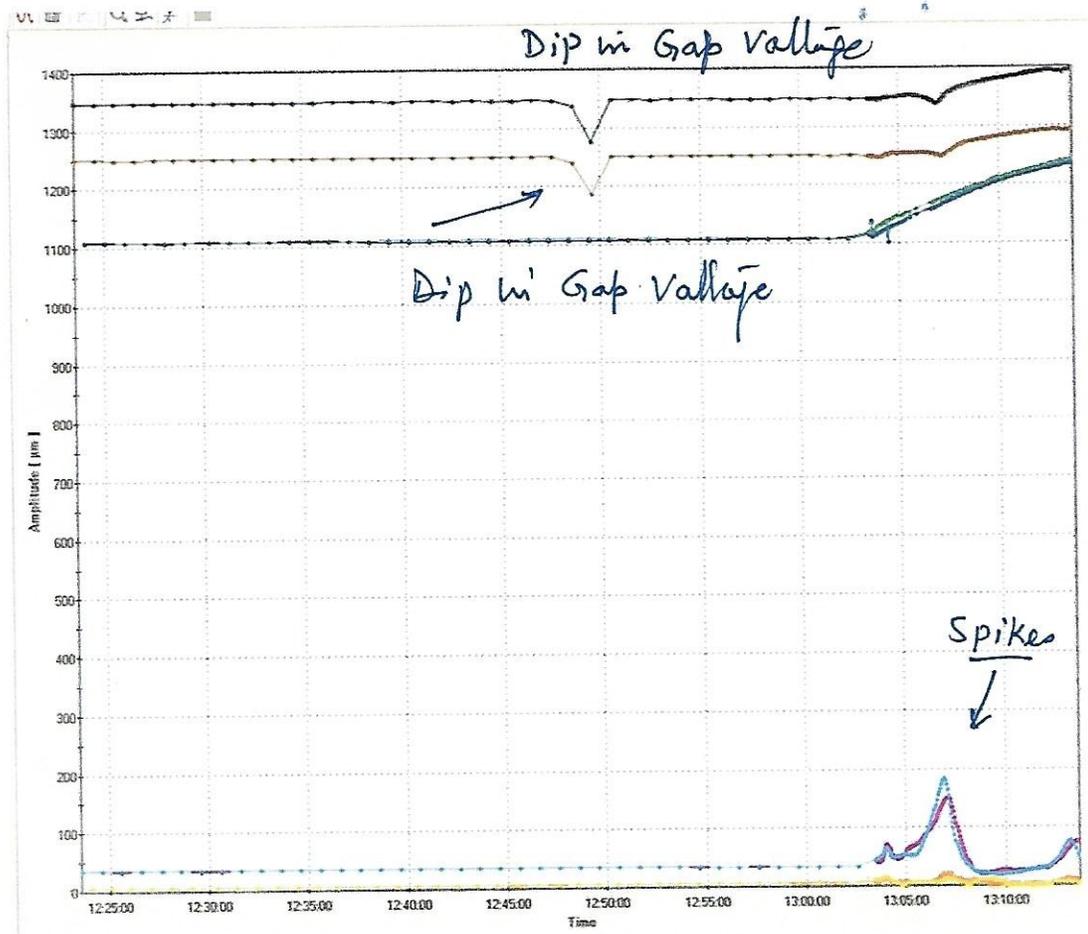
To: 2018-01-04 18:45:00

Historic Trend

Time

Amplitude

Bog (no) 9



Trend

Legend

Line	Point	St
		#3 SVX GAP (DC MAIN)
		#3 SVY GAP (DC MAIN)
		#3 SVX OVR (pepMAIN)
		#3 SVY OVR (pepMAIN)
		#3 SVX GAP (DC MAIN)
		#3 SVY OVR (pepMAIN)
		#3 SVY GAP (DC MAIN)
		#3 SVX OVR (pepMAIN)
		#3 SVY OVR (pepMAIN)

Name: Value

From: 2018-04-07 12:23:25

To: 2018-04-07 13:13:43

Historic Trend

Time

Amplitude